

Toasting  
seals in  
flavor

Have you  
smoked the famous  
toasted  
cigarette?

LUCKY  
STRIKE

It's  
toasted

20  
for  
10c

Guaranteed by  
The American Tobacco Co.

DARKEN GRAY HAIR,  
LOOK YOUNG, PRETTY

Sage Tea and Sulphur Darkens  
So Naturally that No-  
body can tell.

Hair that loses its color and lustre, or when it fades, turns gray, dull and lifeless, is caused by a lack of sulphur in the hair. Our grandmother made up a mixture of Sage Tea and Sulphur to keep her locks dark and beautiful, and thousands of women and men who value that even color, that beautiful dark shade of hair which is so attractive, use only this old-time recipe.

Nowadays we get this famous mixture improved by the addition of other ingredients by asking at any drug store for a 50-cent bottle of "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound," which darkens the hair so naturally, so evenly, that nobody can possibly tell it has been applied. You just dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. By morning the gray hair disappears; but what delights the ladies with Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound, is that, besides beautifully darkening the hair after a few applications, it also brings back the gloss and lustre and gives it an appearance of abundance.

Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound is a delightful toilet requisite to impart color and a youthful appearance to the hair. It is not intended for the cure, mitigation or prevention of disease.

Alpha

A REFRESHING BEVERAGE

Alpha makes thirst a pleasure and satisfying it a delight. Get acquainted with Alpha today, you will say it is great. Alpha has no substitute as a harmless, healthful drink.

Every Home Should Have

Alpha

THE TEST IS IN THE TASTE

You will want to drink Alpha with your meals. You will be pleased to serve it to your friends—try some today. It is served wherever soft drinks are sold.

ALPHA BEVERAGE DEPARTMENT, CHICAGO

BAIL-HEINEMAN CO.  
General Distributors, Tucson, Arizona

## WEEK IN WORLD NEWS

**Booze Destroyed.**—Approximately 500 carloads of whisky, champagne and other brands of wine were dumped into the Gulf of California here by the authorities. King alcohol has been entirely dethroned in Sonora and former manufacturing plants are being converted into ice plants.

**American Press Sold.**—NEW YORK.—Announcement was made here this week that the Western Newspaper Union has purchased the entire plant and business of the American Press association. The American Press, it is announced, will devote itself strictly to advertising, and already has taken up the cudgel in behalf of the smaller publishers to obtain financial remuneration for advertising the next Liberty loan.

**Trying to Settle Strike.**—WASHINGTON.—The government took action this week to try to settle the strike of iron workers at San Francisco ship building plants working on government contracts without awaiting a basic agreement on other strikes in Seattle ship yards. Chairman Hurley and federal mediators left for the coast the middle of the week.

**Liberty Men Moving.**—WASHINGTON.—Marshaled for the last time as civilians and under civilian authority, more than 300,000 of the national army went forward this week to the sixteen cantonments to be trained for the battle against German autocracy. Their next move will be as fighting men toward the battlefields of France.

**Russia Will Strongly Enter War.**—LONDON.—Russia having recovered in great measure from the effects of recent internal difficulties, is preparing to make a firmer stand against the common enemy. It is announced that the leadership of the Russian armies has been reorganized and that the fruition of reformatory plans in the armies themselves is expected shortly. The Russian northern army is making headway against the Teutons and in the south there is a decided stiffening noticeable. A Russian republic has been proclaimed under the direction of Premier Kerensky and several ministers of his cabinet. There has been desperate fighting on the Italian front. Ineffectual attempts have been made in France to break the Anglo-French lines, but the attackers were beaten back with heavy losses.

**Sweden Repentant.**—STOCKHOLM.—Sweden realizes the serious situation arising from disclosures made in Washington showing that the Swedish embassy at Buenos Aires was used as the medium for transmission of German secret advice and expects to take all steps possible to put matters right, it is officially announced. The foreign minister said the practice had been stopped and that Sweden would make amends for the violation of Argentine neutrality.

**Still Not Satisfied.**—BUENOS AIRES.—Expressions of regret by the German foreign office over the misuse of the Swedish embassy in allowing transmission of secret German advice concerning the participation of the United States in the European war have not appeased the Argentine government. Germany asks for a safe conduct for Count von Luxburg that he may return to Berlin to explain the incident. This will be asked of the allies by Argentine. The Argentine people are greatly aroused over the disclosures.

**May Requisition Coal.**—WASHINGTON.—Plans have been made public whereby the federal coal commission will take over the coal output of the country at the mines and sell the coal at prices fixed by

the government. This would insure plenty of coal next winter and stabilize prices.

**To Protect Soldiers.**—WASHINGTON.—Legislation to protect the civil and property rights of soldiers, in effect a moratorium for the duration of the war in behalf of men serving their country, may be placed upon the administration's program for the session of congress, as a necessary element of the raising of a citizen army.

**U. S. Submarine Sinks.**—WASHINGTON.—A United States submarine sank at her cock at an unnamed Atlantic port this week, the navy department announced. The cause has not been determined.

**Kill Insane Man.**—Phoenix.—Jose Martinez, a patient at the Arizona State Hospital for the Insane, was killed by asylum guards after a half hour battle with two attendants, one of whom he had attacked with a corn knife.

**Strike Trouble on Coast.**—SAN FRANCISCO.—Two companies of United States marines have been on guard this week at the plant of the Union Iron works guarding against attack by strikers. Thirty thousand men were said to be out. Considerable rioting in various parts of the city was reported. Unfinished ships valued at \$150,000,000 are lying on the ways, with the men demanding higher pay and shorter hours.

**May Call Up All Eligibles.**—WASHINGTON.—Provost Marshal General Crowder this week was considering the advisability of calling up for examination every man registered under the selective draft law for the purpose of determining who might be of military liability and allowing those unfitted for service to go ahead with their personal affairs without interruption in business. This suggestion has been sent to the governors of all the states and the approval has been practically unanimous. It is probable that 7,000,000 men may be called for examination as soon as practicable.

**False Story Peace Proposal.**—CHICAGO.—The Chicago Tribune printed a story this week from its Washington correspondent to the effect that Russia and Germany had about agreed to a separate peace. This according to the story, was being viewed with alarm by Washington officials, for it would mean that the United States would have to send millions of men to take the place of the Russian armies. It also was reported that Russia would agree to turn over all her war stores and food supplies to Germany for a war consideration.

### OPINIONS ON SILVER BY GREAT FINANCIERS

The sustained high price of silver, which has risen to a higher price than has been recorded for twenty-five years, is attracting the attention of the leading financiers of America and Europe. It is the almost unanimous opinion of financiers and political economists that arbitrary efforts to keep down the price of silver will fail of their purpose, because the natural law of supply and demand will ultimately control the bids for the metal, and that since there is an apparently unlimited demand, in the face of increasing production, silver is bound to regain the heights it occupied when used for coinage purposes as a companion to gold.

According to a Salt Lake paper, in an interview with Daniel Guggenheim, he stated that "the abnormal price of the white metal is due to the policy of paying the armies in Europe in silver only. In distant countries, it is possible to pay the soldiers in silver only because, unlike paper money, it has a value of its own."

"Silver may continue to rise," he continued, "until it reaches a price on a parity with gold. It is the better policy to buy silver until it is on such a basis, because something must be done to get away from paper entirely."

In its latest review of the money market, the National City Bank, of New York, has the following to say with respect to the causes for the advance in silver: "The silver market has been excited and higher in recent weeks and the position of the metal is very strong owing to the heavy balance of trade in favor of India. The situation is the occasion of no little perplexity to the British authorities and concerns the United States as well, for if the balances due India cannot be paid in silver they will have to be paid in gold, and nobody cares to see gold taken to that bourne whence neither gold nor silver ever returns. The balance of trade in favor of India for the last British fiscal year, ended March 1, 1917, was \$270,902,259, which compares with \$196,438,030 in the year 1915-16, \$128,333,081 in 1913-14 and \$261,682,938 in 1912-13, the last year of normal trade. In 1914-15 the importations of silver by India amounted to 60,077,452 ounces, in 1915-16 to 35,629,913 ounces and in

1916-17 to 115,565,861 ounces. In order to direct all importations into the government treasury private importations have been recently prohibited, except under license. The Indian demand has caused a large movement of silver from China and exhausted supplies everywhere without satisfying the trade requirements. It is said that large plantations in Ceylon have been greatly embarrassed for the want of rupees to pay for their labor, and money has been tight in the financial centers of India.

"The Indian government is understood to have asked permission of the home government to allow it to import gold either from London or the United States, but consent has not been given. Japanese banks are shipping gold from Yokohama, in payment, it is explained, for Indian cotton, and there would be a handsome profit to American banks in gold shipments from this country, but they have abstained for public reasons.

"In order to correct the exchange situation the Indian government has brought out a loan of 100,000,000 pounds sterling, or \$500,000,000, the proceeds of which will be placed to the credit of the British government. Reports show that the loan is being subscribed for extensively, and this should remedy the exchange situation as between India and the outside world, but it does not remedy the embarrassing situation in India, for the reason that the small Indian farmer or laborer is not a bond buyer, and he is the individual who is wanting silver or gold in exchange for his products and labor. The great body of the Indian people have little knowledge of paper money or any form of credit, and nobody knows how to persuade them to take any substitute for the precious metals.

"The total production of silver in the world in 1913 was estimated at 223,900,000 ounces, but in 1916 the estimated yield was only 172,283,000 ounces. The chief falling off has been in Mexico. On the other hand, the coinage of silver in all the countries has increased owing to payments to troops and the activity of trade. France used 20,000,000 ounces in 1916, which was four or five times its normal consumption. The coinage in the United States is far beyond the usual amount.—Tonopah Miner.

Tom Acord left for the New Weaver district Tuesday morning to remain until completion of annual work on his Crescent and Exchange groups. He will camp at the Tidal Wave mine. After finishing this work he and Eddie Barnes will proceed to Flagstaff, where they will pick up Mrs. Acord and Mrs. Barnes and motor to Colorado where they will visit until about the first of the year.

Mr. Barnes has sold his residence to Bernard Vogt.

YOU  
PAY-  
USE-  
LESS

Don't try to save money buying cheap or big-can Baking Powders. You can't do it. You'll throw out more in spoiled bakings than you save on price of the powder. And don't think that old style high priced powders are best because they cost most. They are not.

### CALUMET BAKING POWDER

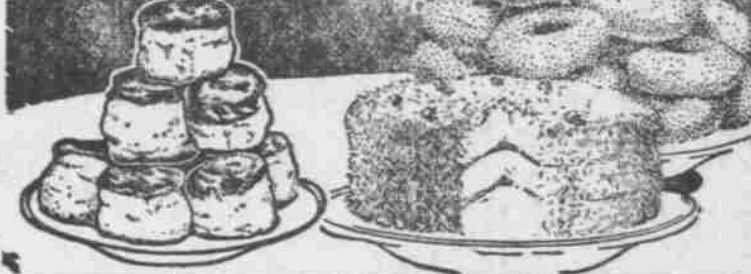
has proved in millions of bake-day tests that it is the best baking powder ever made—that's why it is the biggest selling baking powder in the world today. No other baking powder makes such temptingly good—tender wholesome bakings. No baking powder of anywhere near the same quality is sold at such a low price.

You use less of Calumet—because it is the highest grade baking powder. One teaspoonful is equal to two teaspoonfuls of most other brands.

And there is no "luck" about it when you use Calumet. No loss. It is absolutely sure. It is the most economical of all. Millions of housewives use it—and so do leading domestic science teachers and cooking experts. You save when you buy it—You save when you use it. Calumet contains only such ingredients as have been approved officially by the U. S. Food Authorities.

HIGHEST QUALITY AWARDS

### GET BEST RESULTS WITHOUT LOSS



## Printing Suggestions from OUR JOB DEPARTMENT

- BIRTH ANNOUNCEMENTS
- WEDDING INVITATIONS
- ADMISSION TICKETS
- BUSINESS CARDS
- WINDOW CARDS
- LETTER HEADS
- BILL HEADS
- ENVELOPES
- CALLING CARDS
- BILL HEADS
- STATEMENTS
- MILK TICKETS
- MEAL TICKETS
- CIRCULARS
- SHIPPING TAGS
- PAMPHLETS
- POSTERS
- BLOTTERS
- INVITATIONS
- FOLDERS
- LEGAL BLANKS
- MENU CARDS
- PLACARDS
- DODGERS
- PROGRAMS

Every detail of your Job will be carefully done

## THE MOHAVE COUNTY MINER